TEARFUND CANADA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members Tearfund Canada MARKHAM Ontario

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Tearfund Canada which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2024 and the statement of operations, statement of changes in net assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the entity as at June 30, 2024 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

PAUL A. SIMPSON, CPA PAUL W. MCMULLEN, CPA MARK D. POTTER, CPA MICHAEL J. MCNEILL, CPA PETER A. SIMPSON, CPA MARC F. CERNELE, CPA ANTHONY G. DILIBERTO, CPA JENNIFER A. STALEY, CPA

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As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

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NORTON McMULLEN LLP Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

MARKHAM, Canada November 23, 2024



STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION		
As at June 30,	2024	2023
-		
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash	\$ 703,085 \$	\$ 802,304
Accounts receivable	41,132	43,434
	\$ 744,217 \$	\$ 845,738
Canadian Foodgrains Bank Association Inc. (CFGB) (Note 2)	1,610,281	1,425,547
	\$ 2,354,498 \$	\$ 2,271,285
LIABILITIES		а ,
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 138,475 \$	\$ 42,352
Deferred contributions (Note 3)	78,980	- 42,352
Loan payable (Note 4)		40,000
	\$ 217,455 \$	\$ 82,352
NET ASSETS		
Canadian Foodgrains Bank Association Inc. (CFGB) (Note 2)	\$ 1,610,281 \$	\$ 1,425,547
Board designated (Note 5)	100,000	100,000
Unrestricted	426,762	663,386
	<u>\$ 2,137,043</u>	2,188,933
	<u>\$ 2,354,498</u> \$	\$ 2,271,285
Committee and (Nate C)		
Commitment (Note 6)		

Approved by the Board: _____ Director

Reinine Brandt

Director

See accompanying notes

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

For the year ended June 30,

	CFGB	Board Designated	Unrestricted	2024 TOTAL	2023 TOTAL
BALANCE - Beginning	\$ 1,425,547	\$ 100,000	\$ 663,386	\$ 2,188,933	\$ 1,871,976
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	239,581	-	(291,471)	(51,890)	316,957
Transfer from CFGB (Note 2)	(279,847)	-	279,847	-	-
Transfers to CFGB (Note 2)	225,000		(225,000)		
BALANCE - Ending	<u>\$ 1,610,281</u>	<u>\$ 100,000</u>	<u>\$ 426,762</u>	<u>\$ 2,137,043</u>	<u>\$ 2,188,933</u>



STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the year ended June 30,	2024	1 2023
REVENUES		
Contributions	\$ 2,340,87	'9 \$ 2,653,423
Contributions through CFGB (Note 2)	581,76	
	\$ 2,922,64	
Grants		
CFGB: Global Affairs Canada and others (Note 2) Global Affairs Canada: International Humanitarian Assistance	\$ 5,019,80 -	8 \$ 5,914,245 345,709
	\$ 5,019,80	
Investment income	\$ 26,53	32 \$ 30,400
Government subsidies	15,74	6 31,922
	\$ 42,27	'8 \$ 62,322
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>\$ 7,984,73</u>	30 \$ 9,687,478
EXPENSES		
Program Ministries		
Development		
CFGB projects (Note 2)		2 \$ 2,281,828
Other Duit for the built of the	869,01	1 917,979
Relief and rehabilitation	1 000 05	0 4 1 2 0 1 2 7
CFGB projects (Note 2) Other	1,080,85 265,03	
International Humanitarian Assistance (IHA)	205,03	347,231
Education	214,85	
	\$ 6,710,89	
Supporting Ministries		
Fund promotion	\$ 978,92	25 \$ 933,934
General and administrative	346,80	
	\$ 1,325,72	28 \$ 1,222,559
TOTAL EXPENSES	<u>\$ 8,036,62</u>	20 \$ 9,370,521
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	\$ (51,89	00) <u>\$ 316,957</u>

For the year ended June 30,

2023

2024

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS WERE PROVIDED BY (USED IN):

OPERATING ACTIVITIES Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses Net change in non-cash working capital balances:	\$ (51,890)	\$ 316,957
Accounts receivable	2,302	(12,246)
CFGB balance	(184,734)	(218,984)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	96,123	18,887
Deferred revenue	 78,980	 (447,104)
	\$ (59,219)	\$ (342,490)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of CEBA loan	 (40,000)	
DECREASE IN CASH	\$ (99,219)	\$ (342,490)
CASH - Beginning	 802,304	 1,144,794
CASH - Ending	\$ 703,085	\$ 802,304



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2024

PURPOSE OF ORGANIZATION

World Relief Canada was incorporated under the Canada Corporations Act as a not-for-profit organization and as of 2013 has been continued under the Canada Not-for-Profit Corporations Act. The organization changed its name to Tearfund Canada (the "Organization") on January 1, 2018. Further, it is classified as a registered charity under the Income Tax Act (Canada) Charity Number: 108222191 RR 0001 and, therefore, is exempt from income taxes and able to issue official donation receipts to donors.

Tearfund Canada's vision is to see people freed from poverty, living transformed lives, and reaching their God-given potential. The Organization works with the church in the poorest places to unlock God-given potential – creating flourishing people and resilient communities.

Tearfund Canada is a member of the Tearfund Family of international relief and development organizations. The nine members (Australia, Belgium, Canada, France, Germany, Ireland, the Netherlands, New Zealand, United Kingdom) have a shared identity and vision, yet each organization is separate and independent. The Tearfund family invests in collaborative relationships, combining strengths to effectively carry out our mission, intentionally nurturing Christian identity, sharing resources, simplifying processes and embracing our individual distinctives.

Through our non-discriminatory approach to international humanitarian relief and development, we enable 'whole-life' transformation for those in greatest poverty. Prioritizing partnerships, we empower local church-based partners and strive for excellence and accountability in all activities.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and include the following significant accounting policies:

a) Revenue Recognition

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions and grants. Restricted contributions and grants are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions and grants are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Investment and other income is recognized as earned.

b) Foreign Currency Translation

Accounts in foreign currencies have been translated into Canadian dollars using the temporal method. Under this method, monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the year-end exchange rate, while non-monetary assets are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the date of the transaction.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2024

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

c) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for notfor-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions based on currently available information. Such estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from the estimates used.

Significant estimates include the assumptions supporting the proportionate allocation of expenses amongst the various programs and functions.

d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash held in the bank.

e) Contributed Services

Volunteers contribute significant hours per year to assist the Organization in carrying out its activities. Because of the difficulty of determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

f) Allocation of Expenses

Certain employees perform a combination of education, programming, fundraising and administrative functions. As a result, salaries are allocated to each function based on estimated functional activity incurred by each employee. General and administrative costs directly support programs and are allocated on the same basis as salaries. Such allocations are reviewed annually, updated and changes applied on a prospective basis.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2024

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

g) Financial Instruments

Measurement of Financial Instruments

The Organization initially measures its financial assets and liabilities originated or exchanged in arm's length transactions at fair value, and subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost.

Financial assets subsequently measured at amortized cost include cash and accounts receivable. Financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

The Organization has no financial assets measured at fair value and has not elected to carry any financial asset or liability at fair value.

Impairment

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are tested for impairment when events or circumstances indicate possible impairment. Write-downs, if any, are recognized in the excess or deficiency of revenues over expenses and may be subsequently reversed to the extent that the net effect after the reversal is the same as if there had been no write-down. There are no impairment indicators in the current year.

2. BALANCE WITH CFGB

The Organization is a member of Canadian Foodgrains Bank Association Inc. (CFGB). The balance at year end includes residual funds held by CFGB on behalf of Tearfund Canada. Tearfund has control to direct the funds towards projects at its discretion. The funds earn no interest while held by CFGB.

CFGB revenue consists of Tearfund Canada's donations, grants, and other income totaling \$5,601,573 (2023 - \$6,626,024) received through CFGB for the year. Historically, contributions to Tearfund's equity account at CFGB have been leveraged by Global Affairs Canada (GAC) on a 1:3 or 1:4 basis or leveraged through other CFGB sources on a 1:1 basis.

Expenditures made through CFGB on behalf of the Organization total \$5,631,992 (2023 - \$6,419,955) for Tearfund Canada's programming.

Transfers from the Organization's unrestricted fund to CFGB totaling \$225,000 (2023 - \$225,000) were made per board approval to increase the Organization's investment in CFGB and \$279,847 (2023 - \$212,085) was returned to the Organization for administrative fees.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2024

3. DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS

Separate accounts are maintained for each project undertaken by the Organization. Projects may extend over a number of years. Funds committed to these projects not disbursed in the year of receipt are reflected as deferred contributions on the statement of financial position as follows:

	Development	GAC- IHA	Total
Balance - June 30, 2022	\$ 101,395	\$ 345,709	\$ 447,104
Amounts recognized as revenue Amount received	(3,699,434) 3,598,039	(345,709) 	(4,045,143) 3,598,039
Balance - June 30, 2023	\$-	\$-	\$-
Amounts recognized as revenue Amount received	(1,117,834) 1,196,814	-	(1,117,834) 1,196,814
Balance - June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 78,980</u>	\$-	<u>\$ 78,980</u>

4. LOAN PAYABLE

In prior years, the Organization obtained a \$60,000 non-interest bearing loan under the Canada Emergency Business Account ("CEBA") program as part of the federal government's support for small organizations resulting from the effects of the coronavirus pandemic. \$20,000 was forgivable and recognized as revenue in prior years. The remaining balance of \$40,000 was repaid during the year.

5. BOARD DESIGNATED FUND

The Board of Directors authorized a fund of up to \$100,000 to be funded out of surplus operating funds. The fund is to be used for emergency disaster relief expenditures up to \$75,000 at the discretion of the President. Funds expended will be replaced from contributions and grants designated for the emergency but received after the expenditures are made.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2024

6. COMMITMENT

The Organization had entered into a lease for office premises through September 2025. Annual base rent commitments (excluding taxes, maintenance and insurance) for the remainder of the lease is as follows:

2025 2026	\$ 18,491 4,623
	\$ 23,114

Property taxes, maintenance and insurance are currently approximately \$21,853 per year.

7. ALLOCATION OF EXPENSES

Salaries and general and administration costs, which include such items as rent, office expenses and professional fees, are incurred in the direct support of various programs and functions. Salaries and general and administrative costs have been allocated to the various programs and functions as follows:

			2024		 2023
		Ge	eneral and		
	Salaries	Adr	ninistrative	Total	Total
Fund promotion	\$ 538,581	\$	55,746	\$ 594,327	\$ 517,199
Relief and rehabilitation	265,356		49,108	314,464	323,587
Development	265,356		49,108	314,464	323,587
General and administrative	253,025		46,826	299,851	288,491
Education	 92,313		61,011	 153,324	 100,787
	\$ 1,414,631	\$	261,799	\$ 1,676,430	\$ 1,553,651

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2024

8. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Risks and Concentrations

The Organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The following analysis provides a summary of the Organization's exposure to and concentrations of risk at June 30, 2024:

a) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Organization's main credit risks relate to its accounts receivable. The majority of the Organization's receivables relate to HST refundable and government assistance receivable. As a result, the Organization is not exposed to significant credit risk. There has been no change in the assessment of credit risk from the prior year.

b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Organization will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Organization is exposed to this risk mainly with respect to its accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The Organization manages this risk by managing its working capital and by generating sufficient cash flow from operations. There has been no significant change in the assessment of liquidity risk from the prior year.

c) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk, and price risk. The Organization is exposed to currency risk as follows:

i) Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. As at June 30, 2024, approximately \$96 (2023 - \$2,631) in cash denominated in U.S. currency has been converted into equivalent Canadian dollars at the exchange rate in effect at the year end.



SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The accompanying supplementary schedule of program disbursements is presented as supplementary information only. In this respect, it does not form part of the financial statements of Tearfund Canada for the year ended June 30, 2024 and hence is excluded from our audit report dated TBD, 2024 to the directors and members on such financial statements.

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NORTON McMULLEN LLP Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

MARKHAM, Canada November 23, 2024



SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE - PROGRAM DISBURSEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Country	Key Activities	Disbursements
Canada	First Nations "Bring Back the Buffalo" project	\$ 95,960
DR Congo	Church and community transformation, agriculture development, village savings groups, women's empowerment	427,245
Ethiopia	Church and community transformation, conservation agriculture, climate change mitigation and adaptation, organizational capacity building, village savings groups, women's empowerment, and Humanitarian Aid in Tiorav and Borena	2 F44 693
India	Conservation agriculture, self help savings groups, food security through agriculture development, women's empowerment	253.373
Kenya	Church and community transformation, conservation agriculture, climate change mitigation and adaptation, women's empowerment, and village savings groups	995,159
South Sudan	Food assistance, humanitarian aid, community development, food security through agriculture development, and gender based violence and trauma healing	1,412,716
Tanzania	Church and community transformation, conservation agriculture, climate change mitigation and adaptation, women's empowerment, and village savings groups	249,831
Total Direct Program Disbursements	sbursements	\$ 5,978,977
Program management a Education	Program management and design, including allocated salaries and administration Education Educating Canadians about issues of poverty, climate adaptation, humanitarian aid & development	517,064 214,851

See accompanying notes



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\$ 6,710,892

Total Program Expenses